

**Language**

Documentation

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**Overview**

This document will help you to use **Assets Language** for **Unity**.

With it you can translate your game into several languages, automatic selection of languages (if you have a file available) and a simple text file to interpret, making it possible for anyone to translate the game into a new language.

It also has simple features to translate images and sound.

**Instructions**

You can get more information from the Playlist on YouTube: <https://youtube.com/playlist?list=PL5hnfx09yM4JkAyxrZWaFjhO3NMWxP_1F>

**Script Explanations**

**Class**

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| **LanguageClassTools** |
| This script provides several utility methods for handling language-related operations within a Unity environment. Let's break down each method and variable:  **Variables:**  - **folderNameInUnity**: String variable used to specify the folder name in Unity Editor.  - **folderNameInBuild**: String variable used to specify the folder name in a build.  - **jsonNameInUnity**: String variable used to specify the JSON file name in Unity Editor.  - **jsonNameInBuild**: String variable used to specify the JSON file name in a build.  - **path**: Represents the directory path where language files are searched.  - **standardFile**: A reference identifier used to locate a default language file.  **Methods:**  1. **GetFolderPath(string folderNameInUnity, string folderNameInBuild)**  - **Usage**: Generates a folder path based on conditions (Unity Editor vs. build).  - **Return**: Returns the appropriate folder path based on the environment.  2. **GetJsonPath(string jsonNameInUnity, string jsonNameInBuild)**  - **Usage**: Generates a JSON file path based on conditions (Unity Editor vs. build).  - **Return**: Returns the appropriate JSON file path based on the environment.  3. **FindDefaultLanguageFile(string path, string standardFile)**  - **Usage**: Searches for a default language file in a directory.  - **Return**: Returns the path to the matching file or null if not found.  4. **RemoveContentWithinCurlyBraces(string input)**  - **Usage**: Removes content within curly braces from a string.  - **Return**: Returns the modified string with content removed.  5. **ExtractTextWithinBraces(string input)**  - **Usage**: Extracts text within curly braces from a string.  - **Return**: Returns the extracted text or an empty string if not found properly.  6. **ExtractIntValue(string line, string identifier)**  - **Usage**: Extracts an integer value from a string based on an identifier.  - **Return**: Returns the extracted integer value or 0 if not found or invalid.  7. **ExtractFloatValue(string line, string identifier)**  - **Usage**: Extracts a float value from a string based on an identifier.  - **Return**: Returns the extracted float value or 0.0f if not found or invalid.  8. **ExtractBooleanValue(string line, string identifier, bool defaultValue)**  - **Usage**: Extracts a boolean value from a string based on an identifier.  - **Return**: Returns the extracted boolean value or the provided default value.  9. **ExtractLanguageName(string filePath)**  - **Usage**: Retrieves the language name from a language file.  - **Return**: Returns the extracted language name or sets a default if not found.  **How to use:**  - **Importing the class**: Import this class into other scripts by using **`using`** statement at the top of the script.  - **Calling methods**: Call these methods by referencing the class name (**`LanguageClassTools.MethodName`**).  **For instance:**  ```  string folderPath = LanguageClassTools.GetFolderPath("FolderNameInUnity/", "FolderNameInBuild/");  string jsonPath = LanguageClassTools.GetJsonPath("JsonNameInUnity.json", "JsonNameInBuild.json");  ```  These methods can assist in managing language-related functionalities within a Unity project, such as locating language files, extracting data, and handling language-specific operations. |

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| **LanguageClassToolsEditor** |
| This script provides several utility methods specifically designed for the Unity Editor environment. Let's dissect each variable and method:  **Variables:**  - **groupsID, textID, commentsID**: Lists used to store different types of language-related data entries.  - **componentType**: Represents different types of components.  - **yourImage**: A Texture2D variable used to store images loaded from file paths.  - **pathToImage**: String variable representing the path to images associated with component types.  **Methods:**  1. **DrawColoredButton(string label, float textSize, float buttonSize, Color buttonColor, Color textColor, System.Action clickAction)**  - **Usage**: Draws a colored button in the Unity Editor GUI.  - **Parameters**: Label text, text size, button size, button color, text color, action on button click.  2. **DrawBox(System.Action content, Color Color)**  - **Usage**: Draws a colored box in the Unity Editor GUI.  - **Parameters**: Content to be placed inside the box, color of the box.  3. **GetDuplicateIDs(List<LanguageSaveGroups> groupsID, List<LanguageSaveID> textID, List<LanguageSaveComments> commentsID)**  - **Usage**: Finds and returns duplicate IDs in different data lists.  - **Return**: Dictionary containing duplicate IDs and their occurrences.  4. **DefaultSettings(ref List<LanguageSaveGroups> groupsID, ref List<LanguageSaveID> textID, ref List<LanguageSaveComments> commentsID)**  - **Usage**: Sets default values for language-related data lists.  5. **ExtractBooleanValue(string lineWithoutCurlyBraces, string keyword)**  - **Usage**: Extracts a boolean value from a string based on a specified keyword.  - **Return**: Boolean value extracted from the string.  6. **ViewComponent(float componentType)**  - **Usage**: Displays an image representing the component type in the Unity Editor.  - **Displays**: Images associated with different component types.  7. **ClearExistingLanguageSaveIDValues(LanguageSaveID existingLanguageSaveID)**  - **Usage**: Resets or clears the properties of an existing LanguageSaveID entry.  8. **IsIDInTextIDList(float ID, ref List<float> IDs)**  - **Usage**: Checks if a given ID exists within a list of IDs (TextID).  9. **LoadDataFromFile(ref List<float> IDs)**  - **Usage**: Loads data from a JSON file into the provided list of IDs.  10. **SaveAdjustRect(ref List<AdjustRectList> adjustRectList)**  - **Usage**: Saves AdjustRectList data by extracting relevant properties.  11. **ExportIDsToAdjustRect(List<AdjustRectList> adjustRectList)**  - **Usage**: Associates IDs with corresponding entries in the AdjustRectList.  **How to use:**  - **Importing the class**: Use **`#if UNITY\_EDITOR`** to ensure these methods are only used within the Unity Editor.  - **Invoke methods**: Call these methods within Unity Editor scripts or editor windows to perform GUI drawing, data manipulation, and other editor-specific functionalities.  **For instance:**  ```  LanguageClassToolsEditor.DrawColoredButton("Click Me", 14f, 100f, Color.blue, Color.white, () => Debug.Log("Button Clicked!"));  // ... and use other methods as needed within the Unity Editor environment.  ```  These methods are specifically tailored to enhance the editor experience by providing functionalities like drawing buttons, managing data lists, handling boolean extraction, displaying component images, and more within the Unity Editor environment. |

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| **TextAlignmentConverter and TMP\_TextAlignmentConverter** |
| The **`TextAlignmentConverter`** is a simple utility class in Unity that provides a method for converting horizontal text alignment (as represented by the **`TextAnchor`** enum) into a corresponding vertical alignment. Here's a breakdown of the class and method:  1. **`TextAlignmentConverter`** is a static class, which means it doesn't require an instance to be created. It's a collection of utility methods for text alignment conversion.  2. **`GetVerticalAlignmentFromTextAlignment(TextAnchor alignment)`** is a method that takes a **`TextAnchor`** value (representing horizontal alignment) as an input parameter and returns a string representing the corresponding vertical alignment.  3. The method uses a C# **`switch`** statement with pattern matching to determine the vertical alignment based on the provided horizontal alignment.  - If the horizontal alignment is one of the upper values (**`TextAnchor.UpperLeft`**, **`TextAnchor.UpperCenter`**, or **`TextAnchor.UpperRight`**), it returns "Upper."  - If the horizontal alignment is one of the middle values (**`TextAnchor.MiddleLeft`**, **`TextAnchor.MiddleCenter`**, or **`TextAnchor.MiddleRight`**), it returns "Middle."  - If the horizontal alignment is one of the lower values (**`TextAnchor.LowerLeft`**, **`TextAnchor.LowerCenter`**, or **`TextAnchor.LowerRight`**), it returns "Lower."  - If none of the expected cases match, it returns "Unknown."  This utility can be helpful when you need to convert horizontal text alignment settings into corresponding vertical alignment settings in your Unity application. It's a straightforward way to ensure consistency in how text alignment is handled, especially if you're working with text layout and UI elements. |

**Components**

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| **LanguageScript** |
| This script, **`LanguageScript`**, facilitates localization by managing language text options and updating a specified variable in a given script based on the chosen language. Let's break it down:  **Variables:**  - **Unity Editor Related:**  - **`IDs`**: A list holding IDs for language options.  - **`savedID`**: A boolean flag to track whether the ID has been saved or not.  - **Localization Settings:**  - **`\_object`**: The GameObject linked to the script.  - **`textToSave`**: The text to be saved or used for localization.  - **`scriptName`**: The name of the script attached to the GameObject.  - **`variableName`**: The name of the variable in the script that holds localized text.  - **`updateMethod`**: A boolean indicating if a method specified by **`methodName`** should be called after updating the variable.  - **`methodName`**: The name of the method to be called after updating the variable.  - **`ID`**: The identifier for the text to display.  - **File Paths and Settings**:  - **`standardFile`**: The default language file if no save data is available.  - **`selectedFile`**: The path to the currently selected language file.  - **`savePath`**: The path to the JSON file where the language selection is saved.  - **`defaultFile`**: The path to the default language file based on **`standardFile`**.  - **`jsonNameInUnity`**, **`folderNameInUnity`**: Paths and folders in Unity Editor.  - **`jsonNameInBuild`**, **`folderNameInBuild`**: Paths and folders in the build.  - **Internal Flags:**  - **`foundID`**: A flag to track if the language text option ID has been found.  **Methods:**  - **`Start()`**, **`OnEnable()`**, **`LanguageUpdate()`**, **`ReadFile(filePath)`**, **`ProcessLanguageOption(line)`**: Handle language updates, file reading, and processing language options.  - **`AddLanguageSaveID(LanguageScript script)`**: Adds a language save ID to the window or updates an existing one.  - **`OnInspectorGUI()`**: Custom editor GUI for the **`LanguageScript`** in Unity Editor.  **Usage:**  - **In the Unity Editor:**  - Attach the **`LanguageScript`** to a GameObject.  - Define the script's details: **`\_object`**, **`textToSave`**, **`scriptName`**, **`variableName`**, **`updateMethod`**, **`methodName`**, **`ID`**, and file paths.  - Customize the localization settings and file paths in the Inspector.  - Customize language options in language files.  - **Localization Update:**  - The script reads language files based on the selected language or defaults to a standard language file if none is chosen.  - When a specific ID is found in the language file, it updates the associated variable in the specified script component attached to the GameObject.  - **Unity Editor Customization:**  - The **`LanguageScriptEditor`** provides a custom editor in the Unity Editor for managing settings, saving configurations, and handling language ID selections.  Overall, this script allows for dynamic localization in Unity projects by reading language files, updating variables in specified scripts, and offering a custom editor interface to manage localization settings.  **Warning, this script uses the reflection system, which can have performance implications, so using it with caution is essential, especially if this script is called frequently or at critical performance moments.** |

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| **LanguageCreateFile** |
| This script, **`LanguageCreateFile`**, handles the creation of language files by processing and storing language lines. Let's break it down:  **Variables:**  - **Unity Editor Related:**  - **`IDs`**: A list storing IDs for language lines.  - **`savedID`**: A boolean flag to track if an ID has been saved.  - **Language Lines:**  - **`languageLines`**: A list of **`LanguageLines`** objects holding localized text data.  - **`standardFile`**, **`selectedFile`**, **`savePath`**, **`defaultFile`**, **`jsonNameInUnity`**, **`folderNameInUnity`**, **`jsonNameInBuild`**, **`folderNameInBuild`**: Variables related to language file paths and settings.  - **`folderCreateNameInUnity`**, **`folderCreateNameInBuild`**, **`fileName`**, **`fileExtension`**, **`fileLines`**: Variables related to file creation settings.  **Methods:**  - **`Start()`**, **`OnEnable()`**, **`LanguageUpdate()`**: Update the language settings when the script starts or the GameObject is enabled.  - **`ReadFile(filePath)`**: Read and process language files to update language lines.  - **`ProcessLanguageOption(line)`**: Process language options defined in the given line and update **`LanguageLines`** accordingly.  - **`CreateFile()`**: Create language files based on the updated **`LanguageLines`**.  **Usage:**  - **Unity Editor Customization:**  - Attach the **`LanguageCreateFile`** script to a GameObject.  - Define language lines and their IDs in the Inspector under **`languageLines`**.  - Set file creation settings like file name, extension, and paths.  - **Language File Creation**:  - When the script starts or the GameObject is enabled, it updates language settings and checks for language files.  - It processes language options from files, updating the **`LanguageLines`** objects.  - **`CreateFile()`** method generates language files based on the updated **`LanguageLines`** data.  - **Custom Editor Interface:**  - The **`LanguageCreateFileEditor`** class provides a custom editor GUI in the Unity Editor for managing language lines, file settings, and saving configurations.  Overall, this script facilitates the creation of language files by allowing users to define and process language lines, updating them in the script, and generating language files based on the defined settings.  **Warning this component can be used for malicious purposes depending on the file format you define in its settings. It is your responsibility not to leave formats that can be used in malicious ways.** |

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| **LanguageDropdown and TMP\_LanguageDropdown** |
| This script manages a language dropdown menu in Unity, allowing users to select different languages. Let's break it down:  **Variables:**  - **`languageDropdown`**, **`itemText`**, **`captionText`**: References to UI components (**`Dropdown`** and **`Text`**) used to display language options.  - **`options`**: A list of **`LanguageOptions`** objects representing language options with text, sprites, and IDs.  - **`ID`**: An ID to identify the language options.  - **`adjustRectList`**: A list of adjustments for UI elements.  - **`font`**, **`fontListObject`**: Variables related to font selection and storage.  - **`rotation`**, **`localScale`**, **`anchorMin`**, **`anchorMax`**, **`anchoredPosition`**, **`sizeDelta`**, **`pivot`**: Variables related to text transformation and UI element positioning.  - **`alignment`**: Variable to control text alignment.  - **`reverseText`**: Flag to reverse the text.  - **`standardFile`**, **`selectedFile`**, **`savePath`**, **`defaultFile`**: File paths and settings related to language files.  - **`jsonNameInUnity`**, **`folderNameInUnity`**, **`jsonNameInBuild`**, **`folderNameInBuild`**: Paths and folders for language files in Unity Editor and the build.  **Methods and Functions:**  - **`LanguageUpdate()`**: Handles language updates, file reading, and dropdown population.  - **`ReadFile(string filePath)`**: Reads and processes language files based on the file path.  - **`ProcessLanguageOption(string line)`**: Processes language options defined in a line from the file.  - **`ProcessOption()`**: Processes language options after file reading.  - **`SetTextAlignment()`**: Sets the alignment of the language text component.  - **`SavaDropdown()`**: Saves dropdown settings, including positioning and sizing information.  **Usage:**  - **Dropdown Configuration**: Handles the display and functionality of the language dropdown UI.  - **Language File Management**: Reads language files, updates language options, sets text properties, and handles alignment.  - **UI Adjustment Management**: Manages adjustments for UI elements.  - **Saving and Loading**: Saves and loads dropdown settings and language options.  The script provides a comprehensive tool for managing multilingual interfaces in Unity, allowing for easy configuration and display of different languages in the application's UI. |

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| **LanguageDropdownOptions and TMP\_LanguageDropdownOptions** |
| This script is designed to manage language selection within a Unity project. Here's a breakdown of its functionality:  **Variables:**  - **languageDropdown:** Dropdown UI component displaying language options.  - **languageName:** Default language to use if no saved data is available.  - **selectedLanguage**, **systemLanguage**, **savePath**, **selectedFile**, **fileSavePath:** Variables to store information about the selected language, system language, paths for saving language data, and the selected language file.  - **jsonNameInUnity**, **jsonSaveNameInUnity**, **folderNameInUnity:** Paths and folder names specific to the Unity Editor.  - **jsonNameInBuild**, **jsonSaveNameInBuild**, **folderNameInBuild:** Paths and folder names for the build.  **Methods:**  - **Start():** Triggered at the script's start.  - Determines the system language, sets file paths based on the environment (Unity Editor or build).  - Loads available language files.  - Checks for saved language data. If none exists, it tries to match the system language with available language files.  - Sets default language if no saved data or system language match is found.  - Adds a listener to handle language selection changes.  - **OnLanguageChanged():** Called when the language selection changes.  - Updates the selected language, finds the corresponding file, and saves it.  - Triggers the language update to apply the selected language across the project.  - **LanguageUpdate():** Searches for specific components that need a language update and triggers their **`LanguageUpdate()`** method.  - Iterates through various scripts/components for language update.  - Specifically targets different types of UI elements, audio players, and other elements that display text or require language-specific adjustments.  - **OnFileChanged():** Saves the selected file to JSON when the file selection changes.  **Usage:**  1. **Initialization (Start()):**  - Determines the system language and available language files.  - Loads saved language data if available.  - Sets default language if no saved data or match with the system language is found.  2. **Language Selection:**  - Changes trigger **`OnLanguageChanged()`**.  - Updates the selected language, finds the corresponding file, and applies the new language settings across the project.  3. **File Selection:**  - Changing the file triggers **`OnFileChanged()`**.  - Saves the selected file to JSON.  4. **Language Update:**  - **`LanguageUpdate()`** method triggers updates across different UI components and elements that display language-specific content.  This script essentially manages language selection, ensures the correct language files are loaded and applied, and updates various UI elements to reflect the selected language. |

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| **LanguageText and TMP\_LanguageText** |
| This script is designed to manage localized text in a Unity project. Here's a breakdown of its components:  **Variables:**  - **`languageText`**: Reference to the Text component used for displaying localized text.  - **`ID`**: Identifies a specific language text option.  - **`adjustRectList`**: A list of adjustments for UI elements.  - Various settings related to text display such as **`fontSize`**, **`font`**, **`rotation`**, **`localScale`**, **`anchorMin`**, **`anchorMax`**, **`anchoredPosition`**, **`sizeDelta`**, **`pivot`**, **`alignment`**, and **`reverseText`**.  - Paths and filenames for language files in Unity Editor and builds (**`jsonNameInUnity`**, **`folderNameInUnity`**, **`jsonNameInBuild`**, **`folderNameInBuild`**).  - Flags like **`translateText`** and internal flags for managing the script's behavior (**`foundID`**, **`isQuaternionFoldout`**).  **Methods and Functionality:**  - **`LanguageUpdate()`**: Updates the language text based on the selected or default language file.  - **`ReadFile(string filePath)`**: Reads and processes the language file specified by the provided file path.  - **`ProcessLanguageOption(string line)`**: Parses a language option defined in a line and sets various properties of the language text component.  - **`SetTextAlignment()`**: Sets the alignment of the language text based on the `alignment` property.  - **`SavaText()`**: Saves text properties like rotation, scale, anchor positions, sizes, font size, alignment, and font index.  **Editor-related functionality:**  - Editor script (**`LanguageTextEditor`**) extends the Unity Editor to provide a custom inspector GUI for this component.  - Allows importing and saving settings related to language text, managing IDs, and exporting IDs to AdjustRect.  - Handles serialization, GUI layout, and interaction with various settings via the Unity Editor.  **Usage:**  - Attach this script to GameObjects containing Text components to manage localized text properties.  - Set the necessary fields in the Unity Editor inspector.  - Ensure language files are appropriately structured with ID-tagged entries to be processed by this script.  Overall, this script enables easy management and customization of localized text properties in Unity projects, providing a streamlined way to handle different language options and associated UI adjustments. |

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| **LanguageTextInputField and TMP\_LanguageTextInputField** |
| This script seems to manage a text input field that supports multiple languages in a Unity project. Let's break down its key components:  **Variables:**  - **textComponent:** Reference to the Text component for displaying the localized text.  - **placeholder:** Placeholder text for the input field.  - **ID:** Unique identifier for the language text option.  - **adjustRectList:** List of adjustments for UI elements.  - **fontSize:** The font size of the text.  - **font:** Index of the font to be used for displaying the text.  - **rotation:** Rotation of the text.  - **localScale:** Scale of the text.  - **anchorMin, anchorMax:** Minimum and maximum anchor positions.  - **anchoredPosition:** Anchored position of the text.  - **sizeDelta:** Size delta of the text.  - **pivot:** Pivot point of the text.  - **alignment:** The alignment of the text.  - **standardFile:** Default language file to use if no save data is available.  - **selectedFile**, **savePath**, **defaultFile:** Paths and file locations for language-related data.  - **jsonNameInUnity**, **folderNameInUnity**, **jsonNameInBuild**, **folderNameInBuild:** Paths and folder locations for language files in Unity and in the build.  **Methods:**  - **LanguageUpdate():** Updates the language text based on the saved or default file.  - **ReadFile(string filePath):** Reads and processes the language file specified by filePath.  - **ProcessLanguageOption(string line):** Processes a language option defined in the given line.  - **SetTextAlignment():** Sets the alignment of the language text component based on the alignment property.  - **SavaInputField():** Saves input field settings like positioning, sizing, font size, and alignment.  **Usage:**  - **Inspector:** The script provides an inspector interface to manage the settings for the text input field. It allows importing, saving, and configuring various properties like font, size, positioning, and alignment.  - **Language Update:** On enabling the component, it updates the text to the selected language based on saved or default files.  - **Language Save:** It allows saving the input field settings and adjusting text properties for different languages.  The script essentially facilitates the management and localization of text input fields in Unity, providing tools to configure and update text properties for different languages. |

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| **LanguageTextMesh and TMP\_LanguageTextMesh** |
| This script, **`LanguageTextMesh`**, handles the localization of TextMesh components in Unity. Let's break down its functionalities:  **Variables:**  - **languageTextMesh**: Reference to the attached TextMesh component for displaying localized text.  - **ID**: The identifier for the text you want to display.  - **fontSize**, **font**, **fontListObject**, **reverseText**: Various settings for text display.  - **standardFile**: Default language file to use if no save data is available.  - **selectedFile**, **savePath**, **defaultFile**: Paths and file locations for language files.  - **jsonNameInUnity**, **folderNameInUnity**, **jsonNameInBuild**, **folderNameInBuild**: Paths to JSON files and folders in Unity Editor and build.  **Methods:**  - **Start()**, **OnEnable()**: Trigger the **`LanguageUpdate()`** method to update the language when the script starts or the GameObject is enabled.  - **LanguageUpdate()**: Reads and processes language data from JSON files or defaults to the standard language file.  - **ReadFile(string filePath)**: Reads a specific language file and processes its content to find and update TextMesh properties.  - **ProcessLanguageOption(string line)**: Processes a language option defined in a line of the file.  - **SavaTextMesh()**: Saves the current TextMesh settings.  **Editor Scripting:**  The script contains an editor-specific portion that provides a custom editor interface in Unity's Inspector for configuring the language settings. This section includes methods for handling UI, importing and saving settings, managing language save IDs, and updating the serialized object's properties based on the TextMesh settings.  **Usage:**  - Attach this script to a GameObject with a TextMesh component.  - Configure the language settings (ID, font size, font, etc.) in the Inspector.  - Assign language files and paths.  - Use the editor interface to import, save, and manage language settings easily in the Unity Editor.  The script essentially manages the localization of TextMesh components based on language files, allowing easy modification and updating of text properties within the Unity Editor. |

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| **LanguageImage** |
| This script, **`LanguageImage`**, is designed for managing the localization of images in Unity. It allows you to display language-specific images based on the selected language. Here's a breakdown of its functionalities:  **Variables:**  - **image**: Reference to the Image component used to display the language-specific image.  - **imageFileName**: The name of the image file to be displayed.  - **languageName**: The name of the language.  - **standardFile**: Default language file to use if no save data is available.  - **selectedFile**, **savePath**, **defaultFile**: Paths and file locations for language files.  - **jsonNameInUnity**, **folderNameInUnity**, **jsonNameInBuild**, **folderNameInBuild**: Paths to JSON files and folders in Unity Editor and build.  **Methods:**  - **Start()**, **OnEnable()**: Trigger the **`LanguageUpdate()`** method to update the language image when the script starts or the component is enabled.  - **LanguageUpdate()**: Initiates the coroutine **`LoadAndSetImage()`** to load and set the language-specific image.  - **LoadAndSetImage()**: Coroutine that loads the language-specific image file and sets it as the sprite of the Image component.  **Coroutine Workflow:**  1. **Set Paths**: Determine paths for language files, including the save path, default file path, and image file path based on the language and platform.  2. **Load Image**: Use UnityWebRequest to load the image file asynchronously from the specified path.  3. **Set Sprite**: If the image is successfully loaded, create a Sprite from the loaded Texture2D and set it as the sprite of the Image component.  4. **Error Handling**: If there's an error loading the image, log an error message.  **Usage:**  - Attach this script to a GameObject with an Image component.  - Configure the language settings (image file name, standard file, etc.) in the Inspector.  - Assign language files and paths.  - Place language-specific image files in the specified folders.  - The script will automatically update the Image component based on the selected language.  **Important Notes:**  - The script assumes that the image files are located in folders named "Image" within the language-specific folders.  - The image file names should not use characters outside the basic ASCII table.  - The script differentiates between Unity Editor and build paths for loading images.  - The paths are constructed based on the language name, and the image file is loaded asynchronously using UnityWebRequest. |

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| **LanguageRawImage** |
| This script, **`LanguageRawImage`**, serves the purpose of managing localized images within Unity, enabling the display of language-specific images based on the selected language. Let's break down its functionalities:  **Variables:**  - **rawImage**: Reference to the RawImage component used to display the language-specific image.  - **imageFileName**: The name of the image file to be displayed.  - **languageName**: The name of the language.  - **standardFile**: Default language file to use if no save data is available.  - **selectedFile, savePath, defaultFile**: Paths and file locations for language files.  - **jsonNameInUnity**, **folderNameInUnity**, **jsonNameInBuild**, **folderNameInBuild**: Paths to JSON files and folders in Unity Editor and build.  **Methods:**  - **Start()**, **OnEnable()**: Trigger the **`LanguageUpdate()`** method to update the language raw image when the script starts or the component is enabled.  - **LanguageUpdate()**: Initiates the coroutine **`LoadAndSetImage()`** to load and set the language-specific image.  - **LoadAndSetImage()**: Coroutine that loads the language-specific image file and sets it as the texture of the RawImage component.  **Coroutine Workflow:**  1. **Set Paths**: Determine paths for language files, including the save path, default file path, and image file path based on the language and platform.  2. **Load Image**: Use UnityWebRequest to load the image file asynchronously from the specified path.  3. **Set Texture**: If the image is successfully loaded, assign the loaded Texture2D as the texture of the RawImage component.  4. **Error Handling**: If there's an error loading the image, log an error message.  **Usage:**  - Attach this script to a GameObject with a RawImage component.  - Configure the language settings (image file name, standard file, etc.) in the Inspector.  - Assign language files and paths.  - Place language-specific image files in the specified folders.  - The script will automatically update the RawImage component based on the selected language.  **Important Notes:**  - The script assumes that the image files are located in folders named "Image" within the language-specific folders.  - The image file names should not use characters outside the basic ASCII table.  - The script differentiates between Unity Editor and build paths for loading images.  - The paths are constructed based on the language name, and the image file is loaded asynchronously using UnityWebRequest.  - Upon successful loading, the texture of the RawImage component is updated to display the localized image. |

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| **AdjustRect** |
| This script**, `AdjustRect`**, is designed to manage and adjust RectTransform settings within Unity. Let's break down its functionalities:  **Variables:**  - **Editor-related Variables (Unity Editor Only):**  - **AdjustRectEditor**: Custom editor script to modify and visualize the **`AdjustRect`** component in the Unity Editor.  - **IDs**: Static list to store IDs.  - **savedID**: Flag to track if the ID has been saved.  - **Public Variables:**  - **rectTransform**: Reference to the RectTransform.  - **ID**: Identification number for a specific language text option.  - **Rotation**, **localScale**, **anchorMin**, **anchorMax**, **anchoredPosition**, **sizeDelta**, **pivot**: RectTransform settings.  - **standardFile**, **selectedFile**, **savePath**, **defaultFile**, **jsonNameInUnity**, **folderNameInUnity**, **jsonNameInBuild**, **folderNameInBuild**: Paths and settings related to language files and directories.  **Methods:**  - **Start()**, **OnEnable()**: Trigger the **`LanguageUpdate()`** method to update the language text when the script starts or the component is enabled.  - **LanguageUpdate()**: Load the selected language file or default file and call **`ReadFile()`** to process it.  - **ReadFile(string filePath)**: Process the language file by reading and identifying settings for a specific ID.  - **ProcessLanguageOption(string line)**: Extract and assign values for RectTransform settings based on the language file content.  - **SaveRectTransform()**: Save RectTransform settings to the **`AdjustRect`** instance.  **Usage:**  - Attached to a GameObject, this script allows adjustment and management of RectTransform settings.  - Configure the language-related settings (file paths, default file, etc.) in the Inspector.  - Utilizes language files to apply specific RectTransform settings based on the ID provided.  - Custom editor functionalities enable saving, importing, and setting specific RectTransform settings via the Unity Editor.  **Important Notes:**  - The script primarily focuses on adjusting RectTransform settings based on language files.  - In the Unity Editor, the custom editor script provides functionality to import, save, and visualize RectTransform settings.  - Language-related settings and paths are specified within the Inspector for file access and processing.  - The **`ReadFile()`** method processes language files to identify and apply RectTransform settings based on a specified ID.  - The **`SaveRectTransform()`** method stores RectTransform settings to the current **`AdjustRect`** instance.  The script essentially serves as a utility to manage and apply different RectTransform settings based on language-specific files or IDs within the Unity Editor environment. |

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| **LanguageAudioPlayer** |
| This script, **`LanguageAudioPlayer`**, is designed to handle playing language-specific audio files within Unity. Let's break down its functionalities:  **Variables:**  - **Public Variables:**  - **audioSource**: Reference to the **`AudioSource`** component used to play the audio.  - **fileName**: The name of the audio file to be played.  - **languageName**: The name of the language.  - **standardFile**, **selectedFile**, **savePath**, **defaultFile**, **jsonNameInUnity**, **folderNameInUnity**, **jsonNameInBuild**, **folderNameInBuild**: Paths and settings related to language files and directories.  **Methods:**  - **Start()**, **OnEnable()**: Trigger the **`LanguageUpdate()`** method to update the language audio playback when the script starts or the component is enabled.  - **LanguageUpdate()**: Initiates the coroutine **`LoadAndPlayAudio()`** to load and play the audio file.  - **LoadAndPlayAudio()**: Loads the language-specific audio file and plays it using the **`AudioSource`** component.  **Usage:**  - Attached to a GameObject, this script enables playing language-specific audio files.  - Configure the language-related settings (file paths, default file, etc.) in the Inspector.  - Utilizes language files to dynamically load and play audio based on the specified file name and language.  **Important Notes:**  - The script primarily focuses on loading and playing language-specific audio files.  - In the Unity Editor, language-related settings and paths are specified within the Inspector for file access and processing.  - Upon activation (**`Start()`** or **`OnEnable()`**), it loads the selected language file or default file and initiates the playback of the specified audio file.  - Uses Unity's **`UnityWebRequestMultimedia`** to load the audio file and play it via the **`AudioSource`** component.  Overall, this script provides a mechanism to play language-specific audio files dynamically within a Unity project based on selected language settings or defaults. |

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| **AdjustSizeToDropdown and TMP\_AdjustSizeToDropdown** |
| This script, **`AdjustSizeToDropdown`**, dynamically adjusts the size of a UI element, typically used for dropdowns, based on the content it holds. Let's go through its components:  **Variables:**  - **Manual Size Adjustment**: Allows manual adjustment of the UI element size.  - **Size Multiplier**: Multiplier used for dynamically adjusting the size.  - **Margin**: Extra spacing between the UI element and canvas boundaries.  - **Fit Direction**: Enum defining whether to fit the element to the left or right.  - **Parent Rect, Canvas Rect**: References to the RectTransform of the UI element and the Canvas.  - **Canvas Width, Object Width**: Width of the canvas and the UI element.  - **TextList**: List of **`BrokenTexts`** containing Text components and their line break status.  - **TextIsBroken**: Flag indicating if any text breaks into multiple lines.  - **Size Adjustment**: Value used to adjust the UI element size.  **Methods:**  - **Start()**: Fetches references to the UI element's RectTransform and the Canvas, initializes the list of Text components, and sets overflow mode.  - **FixedUpdate()**: Calculates and adjusts the UI element's size based on text content, fit direction, and canvas boundaries.  - **CheckTheLineBreak()**: Checks if any Text component breaks into multiple lines.  **Usage:**  - Attach this script to a GameObject containing a UI element (dropdown).  - Set the fit direction and other parameters in the Inspector.  - Ensure the UI element has Text components inside it for accurate size adjustment based on content.  - Adjustments are made dynamically during runtime based on the text content and canvas boundaries.  **Important Notes:**  - The script dynamically resizes UI elements based on text content and canvas boundaries.  - It checks if any Text component inside the UI element breaks into multiple lines.  - The adjustment occurs by changing the offsetMin and offsetMax of the RectTransform, considering the chosen fit direction.  - Adjustments take place in **`FixedUpdate()`** to ensure it reacts consistently regardless of frame rate.  Overall, this script is useful for ensuring that dropdowns or similar UI elements adjust their size dynamically based on the content they hold while considering canvas boundaries. |

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| **LanguageFontListData and TMP\_LanguageFontListData** |
| This script, **`LanguageFontListData`**, is a ScriptableObject used to hold a list of Font assets. Let's break it down:  **Variables:**  - **FontList**: A list of Font assets used for the **`LanguageText`** script or any other scripts requiring Font assets.  **CreateAssetMenu:**  - **FileName**: Specifies the default file name when creating an instance of this ScriptableObject.  - **MenuName**: Defines the path in the Editor's **"Create"** menu where you can create instances of this ScriptableObject.  **Usage:**  - Create instances of this ScriptableObject asset in the Unity Editor by right-clicking in the Assets folder, going to **"Create,"** and selecting **"Language/Language Font List Data."**  - Once created, you can populate the **`fontList`** field by dragging and dropping Font assets into the list from your project folders.  - Use this asset as a centralized repository for Font assets, especially when multiple scripts or components need access to various fonts.  - Access this asset from other scripts by referencing it directly or via serialized fields in MonoBehaviours.  **Purpose:**  - Provides a convenient way to manage and store Font assets as a collection in a centralized ScriptableObject.  - Offers a cleaner method than hardcoding or referencing individual Font assets in multiple places throughout the project.  - Allows easy modification of Font lists without changing scripts directly.  **Summary:**  This ScriptableObject serves as a container for a list of Font assets. It streamlines the management of Font assets by providing a centralized and easily modifiable collection. Other scripts can reference this ScriptableObject to access the Font assets listed within it, offering a cleaner and more organized approach to handling fonts across a Unity project. |

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| **LanguageSettingsData** |
| This script, **`LanguageSettingsData`**, is a ScriptableObject designed to hold various settings and references related to language localization. Let's break down its components:  **Variables:**  - **fontListData**: A reference to a **`LanguageFontListData`** scriptable object that holds a list of fonts for regular text.  - **TMP\_fontListData**: A reference to a **`TMP\_LanguageFontListData`** scriptable object that holds a list of fonts for TextMeshPro (TMP) text.  - **jsonNameInUnity**: The path to the JSON file for language selection in the Unity Editor.  - **jsonSaveNameInUnity**: The path to the JSON file for the selected language file in the Unity Editor.  - **folderNameInUnity**: The folder containing language files in the Unity Editor.  - **jsonNameInBuild**: The path to the JSON file for language selection in the build.  - **jsonSaveNameInBuild**: The path to the JSON file for the selected language file in the build.  - **folderNameInBuild**: The folder containing language files in the build.  **Usage:**  - This script is used as a configuration data holder for language settings within the Unity Editor and the built application.  - It references other scriptable objects (**`LanguageFontListData`** and **`TMP\_LanguageFontListData`**) that store lists of fonts for regular text and TextMeshPro text, respectively.  - The paths and folder locations are used to specify where the language-related JSON files and language files are stored.  **Purpose:**  - Provides a centralized place to store and manage various language-related settings for the application.  - Facilitates the use of different font lists for regular text and TextMeshPro text, allowing flexibility in font selection for different text components.  - Specifies the locations where language-related JSON files are stored, both in the Unity Editor and the built application.  **Summary:**  **`LanguageSettingsData`** acts as a container for language settings, referencing other scriptable objects for font lists and specifying file paths and folder locations for language-related JSON files. It simplifies the management of language-related configurations and settings, providing a clean and organized approach to handle various aspects of language localization within a Unity project. |

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| **LanguageInitialization** |
| This script, **`LanguageInitialization`**, handles the initialization of language-related settings, loads fonts from asset bundles, saves and loads font lists, and manages language file selections. Let's break it down:  **Variables:**  - **languageSettingsData**: Reference to **`LanguageSettingsData`** scriptable object containing language settings.  - **selectedLanguage** and **systemLanguage**: Strings to store the selected and system languages.  - **savePath** and **selectedFile**: File paths for saving language selections.  - **fileSavePath**: Path for saving language file selections.  - **fontListData** and **TMP\_fontListData**: References to font list data for regular fonts and TextMeshPro fonts.  - **jsonNameInUnity**, **jsonSaveNameInUnity**, **folderNameInUnity**: File paths and folder names in the Unity Editor.  - **jsonNameInBuild**, **jsonSaveNameInBuild**, **folderNameInBuild**: File paths and folder names in a build.  **Methods:**  - **RunGameInitialization()**: Entry point method called during game initialization. Loads settings data and initializes language settings.  - **LoadSettingsData()**: Loads language settings from a Unity asset and assigns them to variables.  - **LanguageStart()**: Initiates language setup, detects system language, and selects appropriate language files if none exist.  - **LoadFontsFromAssetBundle()** and **TMP\_LoadFontsFromAssetBundle()**: Load fonts and TextMeshPro fonts respectively from asset bundles in the "Font" directory.  - **SaveFontLists()** and **LoadFontLists()**: Save and load font lists (regular fonts and TextMeshPro fonts) to/from text files.  **Usage:**  - **Initialization**: Executed during the game's start. Loads language settings data and initializes language settings.  - **Font Loading**: Loads fonts and TextMeshPro fonts from asset bundles if not in the Unity Editor.  - **Saving & Loading Fonts**: Saves font lists to text files and loads them during runtime.  - **Selecting Language**: Checks system language and selects an appropriate language file if none are saved.  **Purpose:**  - Centralizes language initialization, font loading, and management of language file selections.  - Handles loading fonts, both regular and TextMeshPro, from asset bundles and stores them in respective font lists.  - Manages the selection of language files based on system language and saves/loads these selections.  **Summary:**  **`LanguageInitialization`** serves as a pivotal script for language setup, font loading, and language file selection management. It centralizes the handling of language settings, font loading from asset bundles, and saving/loading font lists from text files. The script ensures proper language initialization, font loading, and language file selection based on system language, providing flexibility in managing different language-related aspects within a Unity project. |

**Tools**

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| **SceneCreateObject** |
| This script, **`SceneCreateObject`**, is an Editor script in Unity. It's responsible for creating specific game objects via menu items within the Unity Editor. Let's break it down:  **Variables:**  - **prefabPath**: String containing the path to the prefabs used for instantiating new game objects.  **Methods:**  - **CreateFileLT()**: Creates a new game object from a prefab named "Language Create File (LT)".  - **AudioSourceLT()**: Creates a new game object from a prefab named "Audio Source (LT)".  **Usage:**  - **Menu Items**: These methods are tied to menu items in Unity's GameObject menu under different categories (**`Language`** and **`Audio`**). When you click on these menu items, Unity executes the corresponding method.  - **Prefab Loading**: Loads prefabs from specified paths using **`AssetDatabase.LoadAssetAtPath`**.  - **Game Object Instantiation**: Uses **`PrefabUtility.InstantiatePrefab`** to instantiate prefabs as new game objects.  - **Naming and Unpacking**: Renames the instantiated game objects and unpacks them from the prefab state.  - **Scene Marking**: Marks the scene as dirty to indicate that changes have been made.  **Purpose:**  - **Prefab Instantiation**: Allows users to easily create specific game objects within the Unity Editor by selecting specific menu items.  - **Automated Actions**: Renames, unpacks prefabs, and marks scenes as dirty automatically after the creation of new game objects.  **Summary:**  The **`SceneCreateObject`** script simplifies the creation of specific game objects by providing menu items within Unity's GameObject menu. It uses prefabs to instantiate new game objects and performs automatic actions like renaming, unpacking prefabs, and marking the scene as dirty to streamline the workflow for developers working within the Unity Editor. |

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| **CanvasCreateUiImageObjects** |
| This script, **`CanvasCreateUiImageObjects`**, is responsible for creating UI Images and Raw Images within a Canvas in the Unity Editor. Here's a breakdown:  **Variables:**  - **prefabPath**: String containing the path to the prefabs used for instantiating new UI Images or Raw Images.  **Methods:**  - **CreateImageLT()**: Creates a new UI Image.  - **CreateRawImageLT()**: Creates a new Raw Image.  **Functionality:**  - **Canvas Check**: Looks for a Canvas object in the scene. If not found, creates a new Canvas with default settings and an EventSystem to handle user interaction.  - **Prefab Loading**: Loads the prefab for the desired UI element from a specified path using **`AssetDatabase.LoadAssetAtPath`**.  - **Prefab Instantiation**:  - If an object is selected inside the Canvas, it creates a new prefab from the existing prefab as a child of the selected object.  - If nothing is selected or the selection is not a child of the Canvas, it creates a new prefab from the existing prefab as a child of the Canvas itself.  - **Prefab Renaming**: Renames the created prefab to "Image (LT)" or "RawImage (LT)" respectively.  - **Prefab Unpacking**: Unpacks the instantiated prefab from the prefab state.  - **Scene Marking**: Marks the scene as dirty to indicate that changes have been made.  **Usage:**  - **Menu Items**: These methods are menu items in the Unity Editor's GameObject > UI menu. When clicked, they execute the corresponding method, creating the specified UI elements.  - **Prefab Handling**: Loads and instantiates prefabs based on user selection within the Canvas hierarchy.  - **Automatic Actions**: Renames, unpacks prefabs, and marks scenes as dirty automatically after the creation of new UI elements.  **Purpose:**  - **Simplified UI Element Creation**: Allows developers to create UI Images and Raw Images easily via menu items within the Unity Editor.  - **Streamlined Workflow**: Automates the process of creating UI elements within a Canvas, reducing manual steps.  **Summary:**  The **`CanvasCreateUiImageObjects`** script simplifies the creation of UI Images and Raw Images within a Canvas in the Unity Editor. It provides menu items for easy access, loads prefabs, manages instantiation, and handles the creation of these UI elements within the Canvas hierarchy, facilitating the UI design process for developers. |

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| **CanvasCreateUiObjects and TMP\_CanvasCreateUiObjects** |
| This script, **`CanvasCreateUiObjects`**, is designed to create various UI elements within a Canvas in the Unity Editor. Let's break it down:  **Variables:**  - **prefabPath**: Contains the path to the prefabs used for instantiating different UI elements.  **Methods:**  - **CreateLanguageDropdownLT()**: Creates a Language Dropdown UI element.  - **Create2TextLT()**: Creates a Text UI element.  - **CreateToggleLT()**: Creates a Toggle UI element.  - **CreateButtonLT()**: Creates a Button UI element.  - **CreateDropdownLT()**: Creates a Dropdown UI element.  - **CreateInputFieldLT()**: Creates an InputField UI element.  **Functionality:**  - **Canvas Check**: Looks for a Canvas object in the scene. If not found, it creates a new Canvas with default settings and an EventSystem to handle user interaction.  - **Prefab Loading**: Loads the prefab for the desired UI element from a specified path using **`AssetDatabase.LoadAssetAtPath`**.  - **Prefab Instantiation**:  - If an object is selected inside the Canvas, it creates a new prefab from the existing prefab as a child of the selected object.  - If nothing is selected or the selection is not a child of the Canvas, it creates a new prefab from the existing prefab as a child of the Canvas itself.  - **Prefab Renaming**: Renames the created prefab based on the UI element created.  - **Prefab Unpacking**: Unpacks the instantiated prefab from the prefab state.  - **Scene Marking**: Marks the scene as dirty to indicate that changes have been made.  **Usage:**  - **Menu Items**: These methods are menu items in the Unity Editor's GameObject > UI > Legacy menu. When clicked, they execute the corresponding method, creating the specified UI elements.  - **Prefab Handling**: Loads and instantiates prefabs based on user selection within the Canvas hierarchy.  - **Automatic Actions**: Renames, unpacks prefabs, and marks scenes as dirty automatically after the creation of new UI elements.  **Purpose:**  - **Streamlined UI Creation**: Provides a quick way to create various UI elements within a Canvas without manual setup.  - **Enhanced Workflow**: Automates the process of creating UI elements within the Canvas, reducing manual steps and enhancing efficiency during UI development.  **Summary:**  The **`CanvasCreateUiObjects`** script simplifies the creation of multiple UI elements within a Canvas in the Unity Editor. It offers menu items for easy access, loads prefabs, manages instantiation, and handles the creation of these UI elements within the Canvas hierarchy, aiding in the UI design process for developers. |

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| **SceneCreateTextObject and TMP\_SceneCreateTextObject** |
| This script, named **`SceneCreateTextObject`**, is designed to create a new text object within a Unity scene. Let's break down its structure and functionality:  **Variables:**  - **prefabPath**: A string containing the path to the prefab used for instantiating a new text object.  **Methods:**  - **CreateNewTextLT()**: This method is called when the user selects the menu item "GameObject/3D Object/Legacy/New Text (LT Legacy)" in the Unity Editor.  **Functionality:**  - **Prefab Path Definition**: Specifies the path to the prefab for the new text object. The prefab path is manually added and points to the location of the prefab in the project.  - **Prefab Loading**: Attempts to load the prefab from the specified path using **`AssetDatabase.LoadAssetAtPath<GameObject>(prefabPath)`**.  - **Prefab Instantiation**:  - Checks if the original prefab was successfully loaded. If not, it logs an error and returns.  - Gets the currently selected game object in the scene.  - Creates a new game object, **`newGameObject`**, by instantiating the loaded prefab. If there is a selected game object, the new object is created as a child of the selected object.  - **Object Naming**: Renames the newly created game object to "New Text (LT Legacy)".  - **Prefab Unpacking**: Unpacks the created prefab instance using **`PrefabUtility.UnpackPrefabInstance`**. This operation removes the association with the original prefab and allows for individual modifications to the instance.  - **Scene Modification Indication**: Marks the active scene as dirty using **`EditorSceneManager.MarkSceneDirty`**. This step is necessary to indicate that changes have been made to the scene.  **Usage:**  - **Menu Item**: The method **`CreateNewTextLT`** is associated with the menu item "GameObject/3D Object/Legacy/New Text (LT Legacy)". When a user selects this menu item, the **`CreateNewTextLT`** method is triggered.  **Purpose:**  - **Quick Text Creation**: Offers a quick way to create a new text object within the scene with predefined settings.  - **Prefab Usage**: Demonstrates the use of prefabs for creating standardized objects in the scene.  - **Automation of Scene Modification**: Automatically marks the scene as modified to ensure that changes are saved.  **Summary:**  The **`SceneCreateTextObject`** script streamlines the process of creating a new text object within a Unity scene. It leverages a prefab for consistency, allows for parent-child relationships, and ensures that scene modifications are appropriately marked. This can be useful for scenarios where developers frequently need to add standardized text objects to the scene during development. |

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| **CanvasConverter and TMP\_CanvasConverter** |
| This script, **`CanvasConverter`**, is designed to convert specific UI components from a "Legacy" system to an "LT Legacy" system within Unity's Editor. Let's break down its structure and functionality:  **Variables:**  - **selectedObject**: Represents the GameObject currently selected in the Unity Editor hierarchy.  **Methods:**  - **ConverterUiToLT()**: This method is called when the user selects the menu item "GameObject/Language/Converter/UI/Legacy to LT Legacy" in the Unity Editor.  **Functionality:**  - **Component Checking and Conversion**:  - Checks the currently selected GameObject for specific UI components: Text, Dropdown, Button, Toggle, and InputField.  - Converts these components from the legacy system to the "LT Legacy" system by attaching relevant "LT Legacy" components and configurations.  **Usage:**  - **Menu Item**: The method **`ConverterUiToLT()`** is associated with the menu item "GameObject/Language/Converter/UI/Legacy to LT Legacy". When this menu item is selected, the script attempts to convert the selected UI components to the new system.  **Purpose:**  - **Legacy System Conversion**: Automates the process of converting specific UI components from a legacy system to a new "LT Legacy" system.  - **Prefab Attachment**: Adds and configures new components to existing GameObjects based on the presence of specific UI components.  **Summary:**  - **Text Component**:  - Attaches a **`LanguageText`** component to Text objects, transferring the Text's content and marking the scene as modified.  - **Dropdown Component**:  - Adds **`LanguageDropdown`** and **`AdjustSizeToDropdown`** components, copying options and adjusting configurations accordingly.  - **Button Component**:  - Attaches **`LanguageText`** and **`AdjustRect`** components to the Text and Button objects, respectively.  - **Toggle Component**:  - Adds **`LanguageText`**, **`AdjustRect`**, and **`AdjustRect`** on **`targetGraphic`** components to the Text, Toggle, and targetGraphic objects, respectively.  - **InputField Component**:  - Attaches **`LanguageTextInputField`**, **`LanguageText`**, and **`AdjustRect`** components to the Text, Placeholder, and InputField objects, respectively.  **Details:**  - For each UI component type, it ensures that duplicate conversions or missing components are appropriately handled, providing error messages when necessary.  - Marks the scene as modified after each successful conversion to indicate changes.  **Final Remarks:**  The **`CanvasConverter`** script streamlines the process of updating specific UI components from a legacy system to a new "LT Legacy" system in Unity's Editor. It offers automated component attachment and configuration while ensuring scene modification tracking for accurate saving of changes. |

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| **SceneConverter and TMP\_SceneConverter** |
| This script, **`SceneConverter`**, facilitates the conversion of TextMesh components from a "Legacy" system to an "LT Legacy" system within Unity's Editor. Let's break down its structure and functionality:  **Variables:**  - **selectedObject**: Represents the GameObject currently selected in the Unity Editor hierarchy.  **Methods:**  - **ConverterUiToLT()**: This method is invoked when the user selects the menu item "GameObject/Language/Converter/Scene/Legacy to LT Legacy" in the Unity Editor.  **Functionality:**  - **Component Checking and Conversion**:  - Checks if the currently selected GameObject contains a TextMesh component.  - If a TextMesh component is found, it attaches and configures the **`LanguageTextMesh`** component.  - The **`LanguageTextMesh`** component is linked to the existing TextMesh component for the conversion.  **Usage:**  - **Menu Item**: The method **`ConverterUiToLT()`** is associated with the menu item "GameObject/Language/Converter/Scene/Legacy to LT Legacy". Triggering this menu item attempts to convert the selected TextMesh component to the new system.  **Purpose:**  - **TextMesh Conversion**: Facilitates the migration of TextMesh components from the legacy system to a new "LT Legacy" system.  - **Error Handling**: Provides error messages if no object is selected or if the selected object does not contain a TextMesh component.  **Summary:**  - Checks for the presence of a TextMesh component in the selected GameObject.  - If a TextMesh component exists, attaches a **`LanguageTextMesh`** component to it, linking the TextMesh content for the conversion.  - Logs success and error messages accordingly, marking the scene as modified after a successful conversion.  **Details:**  - Verifies that the selected object contains a TextMesh component before attempting to convert it to the new system.  - If the selected object already contains the **`LanguageTextMesh`** component, it displays an error message to prevent duplicate attachments.  - Marks the scene as modified after each successful conversion.  **Final Remarks:**  The **`SceneConverter`** script streamlines the process of converting TextMesh components from a legacy system to a new "LT Legacy" system in Unity's Editor. It ensures accurate conversion by checking the presence of the TextMesh component and appropriately handles error scenarios, indicating scene modifications for saving changes accurately. |

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| **LanguageSettingsWindow** |
| This script, **`LanguageSettingsWindow`**, manages an editor window in Unity for configuring language-related settings. Let's break down its structure, variables, methods, and usage:  **Variables:**  - **scrollPosition**: Tracks the scroll position within the window.  - **Path Variables for JSON Files and Folders**: Defines paths and names for JSON files and folders used in the project.  - **firstTime**: Flag indicating if it's the first time the window is displayed.  - **fontListObject** and **TMP\_fontListObject**: Objects containing font lists used in the project.  **Methods:**  - **ShowWindow()**: Displays the window and sets its custom icon.  - **OnGUI()**: Handles the window's GUI layout and interactions.  - **DeleteDataFile()**: Deletes specific language data files.  - **ChangeLabelTextInAllObjects()**: Modifies variables in scripts attached to objects in the scene based on window settings.  - **OnDestroy()**: Called when the window is closed, saves information.  - **SaveDataToFile()** and **LoadDataFromFile()**: Save and load settings from a file.  - **CreateOrReplaceScriptableObject()**: Creates or replaces a ScriptableObject for language settings.  **Functionality:**  - **Window Display**:  - Presents a window for configuring language settings in Unity's Editor.  - Displays fields for paths, settings, font objects, and buttons for actions.  - **Data Handling**:  - Loads saved data when the window is first displayed.  - Saves settings to a file when the window is closed or specific actions are performed.  - Modifies specific variables in scripts attached to objects in the scene based on user-configured settings.  - **Action Buttons**:  - Offers buttons to reset settings, apply settings to the current scene, and create language data.  **Usage:**  - **Window Creation**: Use the menu item "Window/Language/Language Settings" to display this window in Unity's Editor.  - **Settings Configuration**: Users can configure paths, settings, and assign font objects for language-related functionalities through this window.  - **Actions**: Users can reset settings, apply settings to the scene, and create language data by interacting with the buttons provided in the window.  **Summary:**  - Manages an editor window for configuring language settings in Unity.  - Allows users to define paths, settings, and font lists for language functionalities.  - Interacts with scripts attached to objects in the scene to modify variables based on configured settings.  **Additional Details:**  - The script handles file operations, modifying script variables, and creating/replacing ScriptableObjects for language settings.  **Final Remarks:**  The **`LanguageSettingsWindow`** script serves as a versatile tool within Unity's Editor, offering a user-friendly interface for configuring language-related settings, managing files, and applying changes across the scene based on user-defined preferences. |

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| **LanguageSaveEditorWindow** |
| This script is an editor window in Unity for managing language-related data, potentially for localization purposes. Let's break down the components:  **Variables:**  - **savePath**: Defines the folder path where language-related data will be saved.  - **fileName**: Indicates the name of the text file.  - **languageName**: Represents the name of the language being managed.  - **computerLanguage**: Indicates the language set on the user's computer.  **Lists:**  - **groupsID**: Contains groups of language-related data.  - **textID**: Stores individual text-related data.  - **commentsID**: Holds comments associated with the language data.  **UI Control Variables:**  - **scrollPosition**: Manages the scroll position of the window.  - **showDrawing**: Controls the visibility of the design section.  - **firstTime**: Flags if it's the first time the method runs.  **Serialized Object and Helpers:**  - **serializedObject**: Manages serialized data for GUI usage.  - **systemLanguage**: Stores the system-recommended language.  - **availableLanguages**: Stores all available computer languages.  - **selectedLanguageIndex**: Tracks the index of the selected language.  - **duplicateIDs**: Contains a dictionary of duplicate IDs.  **Methods and Functionality:**  - **OnEnable()**: Initializes the serialized object.  - **OnDestroy()**: Saves information and closes related windows.  - **OnGUI()**: Renders the window interface with various sections.  - **Tools()**: Renders configuration tools for path, file name, language name, etc.  - **Notice()**: Displays a warning if there are duplicate IDs.  - **Button()**: Renders action buttons at the window bottom.  - **SortByID()**: Sorts the data lists by ID.  - **ListInspector()**: Renders watch sections for data lists.  - **Design()**: Renders a design section with colored boxes displaying data.  - **RenderTextBox()**: Renders a box with specific text-related information.  - **OpenFolder()**: Opens the destination folder on the file system.  - **SaveTXTFile()**: Saves data to a text file based on the defined structure.  - **SaveDataJson()** & **LoadDataJson()**: Save and load window settings to/from a JSON file.  **Class Definitions:**  - **LanguageSaveGroups**, **LanguageSaveID**, **LanguageSaveComments**: Serializable classes defining the structure of group, text, and comment data.  - **LanguageData**: Defines the overall structure for saving/loading data settings.  The script integrates with Unity's editor to create a custom window for managing language-related content. It offers tools to configure, visualize, save, and load language data in various formats. |

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| **LanguageSaveEditorSettingsWindow** |
| This script is be an editor window in Unity that manages and manipulates various data structures for a language localization system. Here's a breakdown of its key components:  **Variables:**  - **instance:** Reference to the editor window instance.  - **scrollPosition:** Manages the scroll position for the GUI.  - **text:** Stores the currently selected item's text.  - **textID**, **IDs**, **\_text:** Variables for managing group data like text ID, IDs, and text content.  - **comments**, **textComments:** Variables for managing comment data like comment ID and text content.  - **groups**, **\_comments:** Flags for controlling which sections are displayed.  - **selectGroups**, **selectComments**, **selectText:** Flags for selecting the type of component (Group, Comment, Text).  - **ID:** Used for deleting selected items.  **Methods:**  - **OnGUI():** Handles the GUI rendering and interaction.  - **AddObject():** Deals with adding new groups or comments.  - **Design():** Manages the design and editing of group or comment data.  - **DeleteComponent():** Handles the deletion of selected components.  - Methods like **AddGroups()**, **GroupsApply()**, **AddComments()**, **CommentsApply()**, **SelectGroups()**, **SelectComments()**, **SelectText()**, **Delete():** These methods handle specific functionalities related to adding, applying, selecting, and deleting groups, comments, and text.  **Usage:**  - **Add new Object:** This section has buttons for adding new groups or comments.  - **Design:** This part handles the editing of group or comment data.  - **Delete Component:** Manages the deletion of selected items.  - **Selecting Components:** Allows selection between Text, Group, or Comment components.  - **Confirmation Dialogs:** Confirm actions before deleting or clearing data.  **Workflow:**  1. **Adding Objects:** Use buttons to add groups or comments.  2. **Design Section:** Edit group or comment data.  3. **Delete Component:** Choose and delete selected items.  4. **Confirmation:** Confirm deletion actions.  5. **Applying Changes:** Apply changes to groups or comments.  6. **Saving Data:** Update and save data.  This script primarily provides a GUI interface within Unity's editor for managing and manipulating language localization data, allowing the addition, editing, and deletion of groups, comments, and text components. |

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| **FontAssetBundleCreator** |
| This script in Unity is a static class **`FontAssetBundleCreator`** that creates asset bundles from fonts within the Unity Editor. Here's a breakdown of its components:  **Variables:**  - **fontFolderPath:** Base directory for AssetBundles where fonts are stored.  - **fontPaths**, **TMP\_fontPaths:** Arrays holding paths to regular fonts and TMP\_FontAssets, found within the **`fontFolderPath`**.    **Methods:**  - **CreateFontAssetBundles():**  - Searches for regular fonts and TMP\_FontAssets within the specified directory.  - Processes regular fonts and TMP\_FontAssets separately.  - For each font found:  - Determines the file extension to validate it as a font file.  - Creates an **`AssetBundleBuild`** configuration.  - Builds an asset bundle for each font using **`BuildPipeline.BuildAssetBundles`**.  - Logs a success message.  - **IsFontFile(string extension):**  - Checks if a given file extension matches common font extensions (**`.ttf`**, **`.otf`**, **`.ttc`**).  **Usage:**  1. **Menu Option:** This script is invoked through the Unity Editor's menu with the option "Assets/Create Font Asset Bundles (Language-Unity-Package)".  2. **Asset Bundle Creation:** Searches for regular fonts and TMP\_FontAssets within the specified directory and creates asset bundles for each.  3. **Logging:** Provides success messages via **`Debug.Log`**.  **Workflow:**  1. **Menu Trigger:** The user triggers the menu option in the Unity Editor.  2. **Font Detection:** Finds regular fonts and TMP\_FontAssets in the specified directory.  3. **Asset Bundle Creation:** Processes fonts by creating asset bundles for each font file.  4. **Logging Success:** Logs success messages for each asset bundle created.  5. **Asset Database Update:** Refreshes the Asset Database to reflect changes made.  **Additional Details:**  - **AssetBundleBuild:** Configures asset bundle settings like the name and assets included in the bundle.  - **BuildPipeline.BuildAssetBundles:** Unity API method to build asset bundles.  - **AssetDatabase.Refresh():** Unity API method to refresh the Asset Database to reflect changes made during script execution.  Overall, this script automates the process of creating asset bundles from fonts in Unity, allowing for easier management and distribution of fonts as asset bundles within a project. |